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HAWAII.**Tuberculosis—Penalty for Careless Disposal of Sputum, Saliva, or Other Bodily Secretion or Excretion of Persons Suffering From. (Act 98, Apr. 16, 1915.)**

SECTION 1. Section 955, Revised Laws of Hawaii, 1915, is hereby amended by striking out the last sentence thereof and substituting therefor the following:

“Any person failing or refusing to comply with orders or regulations of the board of health or its agent, requiring him to cease to commit such offense, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined not more than \$5, and upon a second conviction for a violation of the provisions of this section, such person, upon petition of the board of health, may be committed, after due notice and a full hearing, by any court having jurisdiction to hear such cases, to any hospital for the care of persons suffering from tuberculosis or to any other place or institution where proper care will be provided and where the necessary precautions will be taken to prevent the spread of tuberculosis. After commitment such person may be discharged by said court upon the recommendation of the board of health.

“Any person so committed to a hospital or institution who fails to remain there, or who neglects or refuses to obey the rules and regulations of such hospital or institution, may, if necessary for the safety of others, be isolated or separated from other persons and restrained from leaving the hospital or institution.”

Board of Health—Civil Service Examinations. (Act 32, Mar. 29, 1915.)

SECTION 1, Section 925¹ of the Revised Laws of Hawaii of 1915 is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

SEC. 925. *Examinations.*—Such examination shall be public and free to all citizens of the Territory, and to all persons eligible to become such, over 20 and under 60 years of age, with proper limitations as to residence, health, habits, and character. Such examinations shall be practical in their character and shall be conducted in either the English or the Hawaiian language, at the option of the person examined, and may include tests of manual skill and physical strength. The commission shall control all such examinations, and may designate a suitable person or persons to conduct them.

MISSISSIPPI.**Diphtheria—Quarantine—Release From, of Persons Residing in House Where Disease Exists. (Reg. Bd. of H., Oct. 28, 1915.)**

No member of a family, or other person or persons, residing in a house in which a case of diphtheria exists or has existed, shall be released from quarantine until at least one bacteriological examination has been made of swabs from the nose and throat, which shows that such person or persons are free from diphtheria organisms.

¹ Reprint No. 264, p. 136, sec. 4.